

LM140A/LM140/LM340A/LM340/LM7800C Series 3-Terminal Positive Regulators

General Description

The LM140A/LM140/LM340A/LM340/LM7800C monolithic 3-terminal positive voltage regulators employ internal current-limiting, thermal shutdown and safe-area compensation, making them essentially indestructible. If adequate heat sinking is provided, they can deliver over 1.0A output current. They are intended as fixed voltage regulators in a wide range of applications including local (on-card) regulation for elimination of noise and distribution problems associated with single-point regulation. In addition to use as fixed voltage regulators, these devices can be used with external components to obtain adjustable output voltages and currents.

Considerable effort was expended to make the entire series of regulators easy to use and minimize the number of external components. It is not necessary to bypass the output, although this does improve transient response. Input bypassing is needed only if the regulator is located far from the filter capacitor of the power supply.

The 5V, 12V, and 15V regulator options are available in the steel TO-3 power package. The LM340A/LM340/LM7800C series is available in the TO-220 plastic power package, and the LM7805 and LM7812 are also available in the surfacemount TO-263 package.

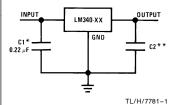
Features

- Complete specifications at 1A load
- Output voltage tolerances of ±2% at T_j = 25°C and ±4% over the temperature range (LM140A/LM340A)
- Line regulation of 0.01% of V_{OUT}/V of ΔV_{IN} at 1A load (LM140A/LM340A)
- Load regulation of 0.3% of V_{OUT}/A (LM140A/LM340A)
- Internal thermal overload protection
- Internal short-circuit current limit
- Output transistor safe area protection
- P⁺ Product Enhancement tested

Device	Output Voltages	Packages
LM140A/LM140	5, 12, 15	TO-3 (K)
LM340A/LM340	5, 12, 15	TO-3 (K), TO-220 (T)
LM7800C	5, 6, 8, 12, 15, 18, 24	TO-220 (T), TO-263 (S) (5V and 12V only)

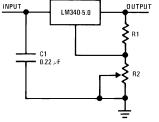
Typical Applications

Fixed Output Regulator



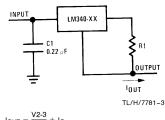
*Required if the regulator is located far from the power supply filter.

Adjustable Output Regulator



 $\label{eq:VOUT} \begin{array}{l} TL/H/7781-2 \\ V_{OUT} = 5V \,+\, (5V/R1 \,+\, I_O)\,\,R2\,\,5V/R1 \,>\, 3\,\,I_O, \\ load\ regulation\,\,(L_r) \,\,\approx\,\, [(R1\,\,+\,\,R2)/R1]\,\,(L_r\,\,of) \end{array}$

Current Regulator



 $I_{OUT} = \frac{120}{R1} + I_{Q}$

 $\Delta I_{\rm O} = 1.3$ mA over line and load changes.

^{**}Although no output capacitor is needed for stability, it does help transient response. (If needed, use 0.1 μ F, ceramic disc).

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications. (Note 5)

DC Input Voltage

All Devices except LM7824/LM7824C 35V LM7824/LM7824C 40V Internal Power Dissipation (Note 2) Internally Limited

Maximum Junction Temperature 150°C Storage Temperature Range -65°C to $+150^{\circ}\text{C}$

Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)

 TO-3 Package (K)
 300°C

 TO-220 Package (T), TO-263 Package (S)
 230°C

 ESD Susceptibility (Note 3)
 2 kV

Operating Conditions (Note 1)

Temperature Range (T_A) (Note 2)
LM140A, LM140
-55°C to +125°C
LM340A, LM340, LM7805C,
LM7812C, LM7815C
0°C to +70°C
LM7806C, LM7808C, LM7818C,
LM7824C
0°C to +125°C

LM140A/LM340A

Electrical Characteristics

 $I_{OUT}=1A, -55^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +150^{\circ}C$ (LM140A), or $0^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +125^{\circ}C$ (LM340A) unless otherwise specified (Note 4)

		Output Voltage		5 V			12V			15V		
Symbol	Input Voltage	e (unless otherwise noted)		10V			19V			23V		Units
	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
$\overline{V_O}$	Output Voltage	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$	4.9	5	5.1	11.75	12	12.25	14.7	15	15.3	٧
		$\begin{aligned} P_D &\leq 15W, 5 \text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 1A \\ V_{MIN} &\leq V_{IN} \leq V_{MAX} \end{aligned}$	4.8 (7.5 ≤	≤ V _{IN}	5.2 ≤ 20)	11.5 (14.8	≤ V _{IN}	12.5 ≤ 27)	14.4 (17.9	≤ V _{IN}	15.6 ≤ 30)	V
ΔV_{O}	Line Regulation	$I_{O} = 500 \text{ mA}$ ΔV_{IN}	(7.5 ≤	≤ V _{IN}	10 ≤ 20)	(14.8	≤ V _{IN}	18 ≤ 27)	(17.9	$\leq V_{IN}$	22 ≤ 30)	mV V
		$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ ΔV_{IN}	(7.5 ≤	3	10 ≤ 20)	1	$\leq V_{IN}$	18 ≤ 27)	(17.5	$\stackrel{4}{\leq v_{IN}}$	22 ≤ 30)	mV V
		$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ Over Temperature ΔV_{IN}	(8 ≤	V _{IN} ≤	4 12 ≤ 12)	(16 ≤	≤ V _{IN}	9 30 ≤ 22)	(20 :	≤ V _{IN} ≤	10 30 ≤ 26)	mV mV V
ΔV_{O}	Load Regulation	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ 5 mA \leq I $_O \leq$ 1.5A 250 mA \leq I $_O \leq$ 750 mA		10	25 15		12	32 19		12	35 21	mV mV
		Over Temperature, $5 \text{ mA} \le I_O \le 1 \text{A}$			25			60			75	mV
I _Q	Quiescent Current	T _J = 25°C Over Temperature			6 6.5			6 6.5			6 6.5	mA mA
ΔI_{Q}	Quiescent Current	$5 \text{ mA} \leq I_{\text{O}} \leq 1 \text{A}$			0.5			0.5			0.5	mA
	Change	$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}, I_{O} = 1\text{A}$ $V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le V_{MAX}$	(7.5 ≤	≤ V _{IN}	0.8 ≤ 20)	(14.8	≤ V _{IN}	0.8 ≤ 27)	(17.9	$\leq V_{IN}$	0.8 ≤ 30)	mA V
		$\begin{split} I_O &= 500 \text{ mA} \\ V_{MIN} &\leq V_{IN} \leq V_{MAX} \end{split}$	(8 ≤	V _{IN} ≤	0.8 ≤ 25)	(15 ≤	≤ V _{IN}	0.8 ≤ 30)	(17.9	$\leq V_{IN}$	0.8 ≤ 30)	mA V
V_N	Output Noise Voltage	$T_A = 25$ °C, 10 Hz $\leq f \leq 100$ kHz		40			75			90		μV
$\frac{\Delta V_{IN}}{\Delta V_{OUT}}$	Ripple Rejection	$T_J = 25$ °C, $f = 120$ Hz, $I_O = 1A$ or $f = 120$ Hz, $I_O = 500$ mA, Over Temperature,	68 68	80		61 61	72		60 60	70		dB dB
		$V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le V_{MAX}$	(8 ≤	$V_{IN} \leq$	18)	(15 ≤	≤ V _{IN}	≤ 25)	(18.5	$\leq V_{IN} \leq$	≤ 28.5)	V
R _O	Dropout Voltage Output Resistance Short-Circuit Current Peak Output Current Average TC of V _O	$\begin{split} T_{J} &= 25^{\circ}\text{C, I}_{O} = 1\text{A} \\ f &= 1\text{ kHz} \\ T_{J} &= 25^{\circ}\text{C} \\ T_{J} &= 25^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \text{Min, T}_{J} &= 0^{\circ}\text{C, I}_{O} = 5\text{ mA} \end{split}$		2.0 8 2.1 2.4 -0.6			2.0 18 1.5 2.4 -1.5			2.0 19 1.2 2.4 -1.8		V mΩ A A mV/°C
V _{IN}	Input Voltage Required to Maintain Line Regulation	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$	7.5			14.5			17.5			V

LM140 Electrical Characteristics (Note 4) $-55^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +150^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified

		Output Volta	ige		5 V			12V		15V			
Symbol	Input Volta	age (unless ot	herwise noted)		10V			19V			23V		Units
	Parameter		Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Vo	Output Voltage	$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C, 5 r$	$mA \le I_O \le 1A$	4.8	5	5.2	11.5	12	12.5	14.4	15	15.6	٧
-		$\begin{aligned} P_D \leq & 15W, 5 \text{ r} \\ V_{MIN} \leq & V_{IN} \leq \end{aligned}$	-	4.75 (8 ≤	V _{IN} ≤	5.25 20)	11.4 (15.5	$\leq V_{IN}$	12.6 ≤ 27)		s ≤ V _{IN}	15.75 ≤ 30)	V V
ΔV _O	Line Regulation	$I_O = 500 \text{ mA}$	$T_J = 25$ °C ΔV_{IN}	(7 ≤	3 : V _{IN} ≤	50 ≤ 25)	(14.5	$\stackrel{4}{\leq} v_{IN}$	120 ≤ 30)	(17.5	$5 \le V_{IN}$	150 ≤ 30)	mV V
			$-55^{\circ}C \leq T_{J} \leq +150^{\circ}C$ ΔV_{IN}	(8 ≤	V _{IN} ≤	50 20)	(15	≤ V _{IN} :	120 ≤ 27)	(18.5	$5 \le V_{IN}$	150 ≤ 30)	mV V
		$I_O \le 1A$ $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ ΔV_{IN}		(7.5 :	≤ V _{IN}	50 ≤ 20)	(14.6	$\leq V_{IN}$	120 ≤ 27)	(17.7	7 ≤ V _{IN}	150 ≤ 30)	mV V
			$-55^{\circ}C \leq T_{J} \leq +150^{\circ}C$ ΔV_{IN}	(8 ≤	V _{IN} ≤	25 12)	(16	≤ V _{IN} :	60 ≤ 22)	(20	≤ V _{IN} ≤	75 26)	mV V
ΔV _O	Load Regulation	T _J = 25°C	$\begin{array}{l} 5~\text{mA} \leq I_O \leq 1.5 \text{A} \\ 250~\text{mA} \leq I_P \leq 750~\text{mA} \end{array}$		10	50 25		12	120 60		12	150 75	mV mV
		$-55^{\circ}C \leq T_{J} \leq +150^{\circ}C,$ $5 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 1\text{A}$				50			120			150	mV
I _Q	Quiescent Current	l _O ≤ 1A	$ T_J = 25^{\circ}C $ $-55^{\circ}C \le T_J \le +150^{\circ}C $			6 7			6 7			6 7	mA mA
ΔI_Q	Quiescent Current	5 mA ≤ I _O ≤ 1	1A			0.5			0.5			0.5	mA
	Change	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C, I_O$ $V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le$	V _{MAX}	(8 ≤	V _{IN} ≤	0.8 20)	(15	≤ V _{IN} :	0.8 ≤ 27)	(18.5	5 ≤ V _{IN}	0.8 ≤ 30)	mA V
		$V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le$		(8 ≤	V _{IN} ≤	0.8 25)	(15	≤ V _{IN} :	0.8 ≤ 30)	(18.5	5 ≤ V _{IN}	0.8 ≤ 30)	mA V
V _N	Output Noise Voltage	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C, 10^{\circ}$) Hz ≤ f ≤ 100 kHz		40			75			90		μV
$\frac{\Delta V_{IN}}{\Delta V_{OUT}}$	Ripple Rejection	f = 120 Hz	$\begin{cases} I_O \leq 1\text{A, T}_J = 25^\circ\text{C or} \\ I_O \leq 500 \text{ mA,} \\ -55^\circ\text{C} \leq T_J \leq +150^\circ\text{C} \end{cases}$	68 68	80		61 61	72		60 60	70		dB dB
		$V_{MIN} \leq V_{IN} \leq$	V _{MAX}	(8 ≤	V _{IN} ≤	≤ 18)	(15	≤ V _{IN} :	≤ 25)	(18.5	$\leq V_{IN} \leq$	28.5)	V
R _O	, ,	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$			2.0 8 2.1 2.4 -0.6			2.0 18 1.5 2.4 -1.5			2.0 19 1.2 2.4 -1.8		V mΩ A A mV/°C
V _{IN}	Input Voltage Required to Maintain Line Regulation	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C, I_O$	≤ 1A	7.5			14.6			17.7			V

LM340/LM7800C

Electrical Characteristics (Note 4) $0^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +125^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified

		Output Volta	ge		5 V			12V		15V			
Symbol	Input Voltag	ge (unless otl	nerwise noted)		10V			19V			23V		Units
	Parameter		Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Vo	Output Voltage	$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C, 5$	$mA \leq I_O \leq 1A$	4.8	5	5.2	11.5	12	12.5	14.4	15	15.6	٧
		$V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le$		4.75 (7.5	≤ V _{IN}	5.25 ≤ 20)		$\leq V_{IN}$	12.6 ≤ 27)	14.25 (17.5	$5 \le V_{IN}$	15.75 ≤ 30)	V V
ΔV_{O}	Line Regulation	Regulation $I_{O} = 500 \text{ mA} T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C} \Delta V_{IN}$		(7 ≤	3 √V _{IN} ≤	50 25)	(14.5	$\stackrel{4}{\leq} v_{IN}$	120 ≤ 30)	$\begin{array}{ccc} & 4 & 150 \\ (17.5 \leq V_{\text{IN}} \leq 30) & \end{array}$			mV V
			$\begin{array}{l} 0^{\circ}C \leq T_{J} \leq \ +125^{\circ}C \\ \Delta V_{IN} \end{array}$	(8 ≤	$(8 \le V_{IN} \le 20)$			120 $(15 \le V_{IN} \le 27)$			$5 \le V_{IN}$	150 ≤ 30)	mV V
		$I_O \le 1A$	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ ΔV_{IN}	(7.5	$\begin{array}{c c} 50 & 120 \\ (7.5 \le V_{\text{IN}} \le 20) & (14.6 \le V_{\text{IN}} \le 27) \end{array}$			(17.7	mV V				
			$\begin{array}{l} 0^{\circ}C \leq T_{J} \leq \ +125^{\circ}C \\ \Delta V_{IN} \end{array}$	(8 ≤	V _{IN} ≤	25 12)	(16	≤ V _{IN} :	60 ≤ 22)	(20	≤ V _{IN} :	75 ≤ 26)	mV V
ΔV_{O}	Load Regulation	T _J = 25°C	$\begin{array}{l} 5~\text{mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 1.5\text{A} \\ 250~\text{mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 750~\text{mA} \end{array}$		10	50 25		12	120 60	12 150 75			mV mV
		$5 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq$	1A, 0° C $\leq T_{J} \leq +125^{\circ}$ C			50			120			150	mV
I _Q	Quiescent Current	I _O ≤ 1A	$\begin{array}{l} T_J = 25^{\circ}C \\ 0^{\circ}C \leq T_J \leq \ +125^{\circ}C \end{array}$			8 8.5			8 8.5			8 8.5	mA mA
ΔI_Q	Quiescent Current	$ \begin{aligned} &5 \text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 1 \text{A} \\ &T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}, I_O \leq 1 \text{A} \\ &V_{MIN} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{MAX} \end{aligned} $				0.5			0.5			0.5	mA
	Change				$\begin{array}{c cccc} 1.0 & & 1.0 \\ \hline (7.5 \le V_{IN} \le 20) & (14.8 \le V_{IN} \le 27) \end{array}$				1.0 (17.9 \leq V _{IN} \leq 30)			mA V	
		$I_O \le 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le$	$0^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +125^{\circ}C$	(7 ≤	. V _{IN} ≤	1.0 25)	(14.5	$\leq V_{IN}$	1.0 ≤ 30)	(17.5	5 ≤ V _{IN}	1.0 ≤ 30)	mA V
V _N	Output Noise Voltage	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C, 1$	$0 \; Hz \leq f \leq 100 \; kHz$		40			75			90		μV
$\frac{\Delta V_{IN}}{\Delta V_{OUT}}$	Ripple Rejection	f = 120 Hz	$\begin{cases} I_O \leq 1A, T_J = 25^\circ C \\ \text{or } I_O \leq 500 \text{ mA}, \\ 0^\circ C \leq T_J \leq +125^\circ C \end{cases}$	62 62	80		55 55	72		54 54	70		dB dB
		$V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le$	≤ V _{MAX}	(8 ≤	V _{IN} ≤	£ 18)	(15	≤ V _{IN} :	≤ 25)	(18.5	$\leq V_{IN}$	≤ 28.5)	V
R _O	Dropout Voltage Output Resistance Short-Circuit Current Peak Output Current Average TC of V _{OUT}	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$	•		2.0 8 2.1 2.4 -0.6			2.0 18 1.5 2.4 -1.5			2.0 19 1.2 2.4 -1.8		V mΩ A A mV/°C
V _{IN}	Input Voltage Required to Maintain Line Regulation	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C, I_C$	₀ ≤ 1A	7.5			14.6			17.7			V

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Conditions are conditions under which the device functions but the specifications might not be guaranteed. For guaranteed specifications and test conditions see the Electrical Characteristics.

Note 2: The maximum allowable power dissipation at any ambient temperature is a function of the maximum junction temperature for operation $(T_{JMAX} = 125^{\circ}C \text{ or } 150^{\circ}C)$, the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance (θ_{JA}) , and the ambient temperature (T_A) . $P_{DMAX} = (T_{JMAX} - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$. If this dissipation is exceeded, the die temperature will rise above $150^{\circ}C$, the device will go into thermal shutdown. For the TO-3 package (K, KC), the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance (θ_{JA}) is $39^{\circ}C/W$. When using a heatsink, θ_{JA} is the sum of the $4^{\circ}C/W$ junction-to-case thermal resistance of the heatsink. For the TO-220 package (T), θ_{JA} is $54^{\circ}C/W$ and θ_{JC} is

If the TO-263 package is used, the thermal resistance can be reduced by increasing the PC board copper area thermally connected to the package: Using 0.5 square inches of copper area, θ_{JA} is 50°C/W; with 1 square inch of copper area, θ_{JA} is 37°G/W; and with 1.6 or more inches of copper area, θ_{JA} is 32°C/W.

Note 3: ESD rating is based on the human body model, 100 pF discharged through 1.5 k Ω .

Note 4: All characteristics are measured with a 0.22 μ F capacitor from input to ground and a 0.1 μ F capacitor from output to ground. All characteristics except noise voltage and ripple rejection ratio are measured using pulse techniques ($t_w \le 10$ ms, duty cycle $\le 5\%$). Output voltage changes due to changes in internal temperature must be taken into account separately.

Note 5: A military RETS specification is available on request. At the time of printing, the military RETS specifications for the LM140AK-5.0/883, LM140AK-12/883, and LM140AK-15/883 complied with the min and max limits for the respective versions of the LM140A. At the time of printing, the military RETS specifications for the LM140K-5.0/883, LM140K-12/883, and LM140K-15/883 complied with the min and max limits for the respective versions of the LM140. The LM140H/883, LM140K/883 may also be procured as a Standard Military Drawing.

LM7806C

Electrical Characteristics 0°C \leq T_J \leq +150°C, V_I = 11V, I_O = 500 mA, C_I = 0.33 μ F, C_O = 0.1 μ F, unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Paramete	er	Conditions (Note 4)			Тур	Max	Units
Vo	Output Voltage		$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$			6.0	6.25	٧
ΔV_{O}	Line Regulation		$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$	$8.0V \leq V_{I} \leq 25V$		5.0	120	mV
				$9.0V \leq V_I \leq 13V$		1.5	60	1110
ΔV _O	Load Regulation		$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$	$5.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 1.5 \text{A}$		14	120	mV
				$250~\text{mA} \leq I_O \leq 750~\text{mA}$		4.0	60	1110
Vo	Output Voltage		$8.0V \le V_I \le 21V, 5.0 \text{ mA} \le I_O \le 1.0A, P \le 15W$				6.3	٧
IQ	Quiescent Current		$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$			4.3	8.0	mA
ΔI_Q	Quiescent Current With Line		$8.0V \le V_I \le 25V$				1.3	mA
	Change	With Load	$5.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 1.0 \text{A}$				0.5	IIIA
V _N	Noise		$T_A = 25^{\circ}C, 10 \text{ Hz} \le f \le 10^{\circ}$	100 kHz		45		μV
$\Delta V_I/\Delta V_O$	Ripple Rejection		f = 120 Hz, I _O = 350 mA	., T _J = 25°C	59	75		dB
V _{DO}	Dropout Voltage		$I_{O} = 1.0A, T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$			2.0		٧
R _O	Output Resistance		f = 1.0 kHz			9		mΩ
los	Output Short Circuit	Current	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C, V_I = 35V$			550		mA
I _{PK}	Peak Output Current	t	$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$			2.2		А
ΔV _O /ΔΤ	Average Temperatur Coefficient of Outpu		$I_{O}=5.0$ mA, $0^{\circ}C \leq T_{A} \leq$	+125°C		0.8		mV/°C

LM7808C

Electrical Characteristics

0°C \leq TJ \leq + 150°C, VI = 14V, ID = 500 mA, CI = 0.33 $\mu\text{F},$ CD = 0.1 $\mu\text{F},$ unless otherwise specified

Cumbal	Parameter		Conditions (Note 4)			LM7808C		
Symbol	Paramet	er	Cond	illions (Note 4)	Min Typ			
Vo	Output Voltage		$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$		7.7	8.0	8.3	V
ΔVO	Line Regulation		$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$	$10.5V \leq V_{I} \leq 25V$		6.0	160	mV
				$11.0V \leq V_{I} \leq 17V$		2.0	80	mv
ΔV _O	Load Regulation		$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$	$5.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 1.5 \text{A}$		12	160	\/
				$250 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 750 \text{ mA}$		4.0	80	mV
V _O	Output Voltage		$11.5V \le V_{I} \le 23V, 5.0$	$11.5V \le V_1 \le 23V$, $5.0 \text{ mA} \le I_O \le 1.0A$, $P \le 15W$			8.4	V
Iq	Quiescent Current		$T_{\rm J}=25^{\circ}{\rm C}$			4.3	8.0	mA
ΔlQ	Quiescent With Line		$11.5V \leq V_{I} \leq 25V$				1.0	4
	Current Change	With Load	5.0 mA ≤ I _O ≤ 1.0A				0.5	mA
V _N	Noise		$T_A = 25^{\circ}C, 10 \text{ Hz} \le f$	≤ 100 kHz		52		μV
$\Delta V_{I}/\Delta V_{O}$	Ripple Rejection		f = 120 Hz, I _O = 350 r	$mA, T_J = 25^{\circ}C$	56	72		dB
V _{DO}	Dropout Voltage		I _O = 1.0A, T _J = 25°C			2.0		V
R _O	Output Resistance		f = 1.0 kHz			16		mΩ
los	Output Short Circuit	Current	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C, V_I = 35V$	$T_{.I} = 25^{\circ}C, V_{I} = 35V$				Α
I _{PK}	Peak Output Curren	t	$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$			2.2		Α
ΔV _O /ΔΤ	Average Temperatu Coefficient of Outpu		I _O = 5.0 mA			0.8		mV/°C

Note 4: All characteristics are measured with a 0.22 μ F capacitor from input to ground and a 0.1 μ F capacitor from output to ground. All characteristics except noise voltage and ripple rejection ratio are measured using pulse techniques ($t_W \le 10$ ms, duty cycle $\le 5\%$). Output voltage changes due to changes in internal temperature must be taken into account separately.

LM7818C

Electrical Characteristics

0°C \leq T $_J$ \leq + 150°C, V $_I$ = 27V, I $_O$ = 500 mA, C $_I$ = 0.33 $\mu\text{F},$ C $_O$ = 0.1 $\mu\text{F},$ unless otherwise specified

Ob. al	Parameter		Conditions (Note 4)			LM7818C			
Symbol						Тур	Max	Units	
Vo	Output Voltage		$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$			18.0	18.7	V	
ΔV_{O}	Line Regulation		$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$	$21V \leq V_I \leq 33V$		15	360	mV	
				$24V \leq V_I \leq 30V$		5.0	180	1110	
ΔV _O	Load Regulation		$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$	$5.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 1.5 \text{A}$		12	360	mV	
				$250~\text{mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 750~\text{mA}$		4.0	180	IIIV	
Vo	Output Voltage		$22 \text{V} \leq \text{V}_\text{I} \leq 33 \text{V}, 5.0 \text{mA} \leq \text{I}_\text{O} \leq 1.0 \text{A}, \text{P} \leq 15 \text{W}$				18.9	V	
IQ	Quiescent Current		$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$	$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$			8.0	mA	
ΔI_Q	Quiescent	With Line	$22V \leq V_{I} \leq 33V$	$22V \le V_I \le 33V$			1.0	mA	
	Current Change	With Load	$5.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 1.0 \text{A}$				0.5	IIIA	
V _N	Noise		$T_A=25^{\circ}C$, 10 Hz $\leq f \leq$	100 kHz		110		μV	
$\Delta V_I / \Delta V_O$	Ripple Rejection		$f = 120 \text{ Hz}, I_{O} = 350 \text{ m/s}$	$A, T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$	53	69		dB	
V_{DO}	Dropout Voltage		$I_{O} = 1.0A, T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$			2.0		V	
RO	Output Resistance		f = 1.0 kHz			22		mΩ	
los	Output Short Circuit	Current	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C, V_I = 35V$	$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C, V_{I} = 35V$		0.20		Α	
I _{PK}	Peak Output Curren	t	$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$			2.1		Α	
$\Delta V_{O}/\Delta T$	Average Temperatu Coefficient of Outpu		$I_{O} = 5.0 \text{ mA}$			1.0		mV/°C	

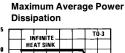
LM7824C

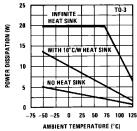
Electrical Characteristics 0°C \leq T $_J$ \leq + 150°C, V $_I$ = 33V, I $_O$ = 500 mA, C $_I$ = 0.33 $\mu\text{F},$ C $_O$ = 0.1 $\mu\text{F},$ unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions (Note 4)			LM7824C		Units
Symbol	Faramet	GI .	Conta	. ,				
Vo	Output Voltage		$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$		23.0	24.0	25.0	V
ΔVO	Line Regulation		$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$	$27V \leq V_I \leq 38V$		18	480	mV
				$30V \leq V_I \leq 36V$		6.0	240	IIIV
ΔVO	Load Regulation		$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$	$5.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 1.5 \text{A}$		12	480	mV
				$250 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 750 \text{ mA}$		4.0	240	IIIV
Vo	Output Voltage		$28V \leq V_{I} \leq 38V, 5.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 1.0\text{A}, P \leq 15W$				25.2	V
-I _Q	Quiescent Current		$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$			4.6	8.0	mA
ΔI_Q	Quiescent With Line		$28V \leq V_{I} \leq 38V$				1.0	mA
	Current Change	With Load	$5.0 \text{ mA} \le I_{O} \le 1.0 \text{A}$				0.5	IIIA
V _N	Noise		$T_A = 25^{\circ}C, 10 \text{ Hz} \le f$	≤ 100 kHz		170		μV
$\Delta V_I / \Delta V_O$	Ripple Rejection		f = 120 Hz, I _O = 350 r	$mA, T_J = 25^{\circ}C$	50	66		dB
V _{DO}	Dropout Voltage		$I_{O} = 1.0A, T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$			2.0		V
Ro	Output Resistance		f = 1.0 kHz			28		mΩ
los	Output Short Circuit	Current	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C, V_I = 35V$	$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C, V_{J} = 35V$				Α
I _{PK}	Peak Output Curren	t	$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$			2.1		Α
ΔV _O /ΔT	Average Temperatu Coefficient of Outpu		I _O = 5.0 mA			1.5		mV/°C

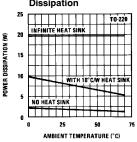
Note 4: All characteristics are measured with a 0.22 μ F capacitor from input to ground and a 0.1 μ F capacitor from output to ground. All characteristics except noise voltage and ripple rejection ratio are measured using pulse techniques ($t_w \le 10$ ms, duty cycle $\le 5\%$). Output voltage changes due to changes in internal temperature must be taken into account separately.

Typical Performance Characteristics

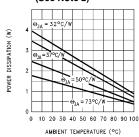




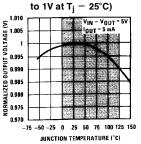
Maximum Average Power Dissipation



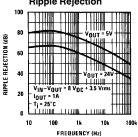
Maximum Power Dissipation (TO-263) (See Note 2)



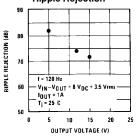
Output Voltage (Normalized



Ripple Rejection

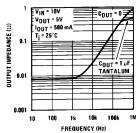


Ripple Rejection

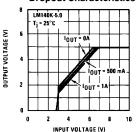


Note: Shaded area refers to LM340A/LM340, LM7805C, LM7812C and LM7815C.

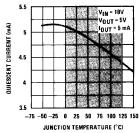
Output Impedance



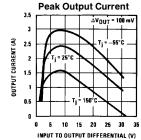
Dropout Characteristics



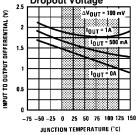
Quiescent Current



Note: Shaded area refers to LM340A/LM340, LM7805C, LM7812C and LM7815C.



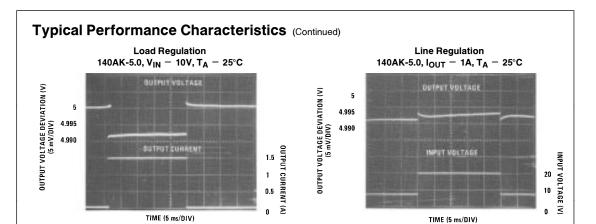
Dropout Voltage



Note: Shaded area refers to LM340A/LM340, LM7805C, LM7812C and LM7815C.

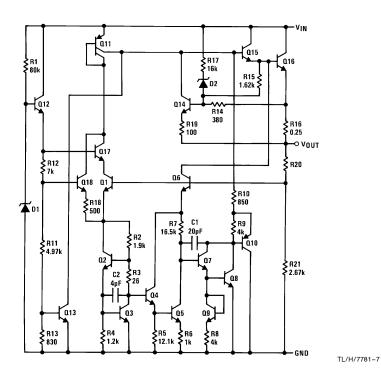
Quiescent Current IOUT = 11 T_j = 25°C QUIESCENT CURRENT (mA) 5.5 3.5 15 20 25 INPUT VOLTAGE (V)

TL/H/7781-4



TL/H/7781-6

Equivalent Schematic



Application Hints

The LM340/LM78XX series is designed with thermal protection, output short-circuit protection and output transistor safe area protection. However, as with any IC regulator, it becomes necessary to take precautions to assure that the regulator is not inadvertently damaged. The following describes possible misapplications and methods to prevent damage to the regulator.

Shorting the Regulator Input: When using large capacitors at the output of these regulators, a protection diode connected input to output (Figure 1) may be required if the input is shorted to ground. Without the protection diode, an input short will cause the input to rapidly approach ground potential, while the output remains near the initial VOLIT because of the stored charge in the large output capacitor. The capacitor will then discharge through a large internal input to output diode and parasitic transistors. If the energy released by the capacitor is large enough, this diode, low current metal and the regulator will be destroyed. The fast diode in Figure 1 will shunt most of the capacitors discharge current around the regulator. Generally no protection diode is required for values of output capacitance \leq 10 $\mu\text{F}.$

Raising the Output Voltage above the Input Voltage: Since the output of the device does not sink current, forcing the output high can cause damage to internal low current paths in a manner similar to that just described in the "Shorting the Regulator Input" section.

Regulator Floating Ground (Figure 2): When the ground pin alone becomes disconnected, the output approaches the unregulated input, causing possible damage to other circuits connected to V_{OUT} . If ground is reconnected with power "ON", damage may also occur to the regulator. This fault is most likely to occur when plugging in regulators or modules with on card regulators into powered up sockets. Power should be turned off first, thermal limit ceases operating, or ground should be connected first if power must be left on.

Transient Voltages: If transients exceed the maximum rated input voltage of the device, or reach more than 0.8V below ground and have sufficient energy, they will damage the regulator. The solution is to use a large input capacitor, a series input breakdown diode, a choke, a transient suppressor or a combination of these.

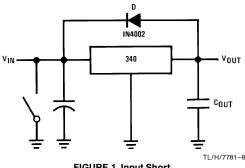


FIGURE 1. Input Short

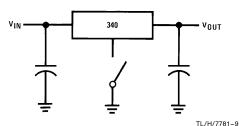


FIGURE 2. Regulator Floating Ground

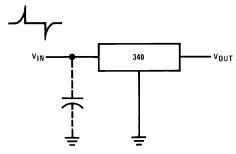


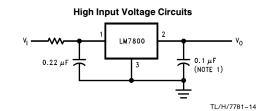
FIGURE 3. Transients

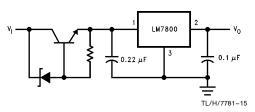
TI /H/7781-10

Typical Applications

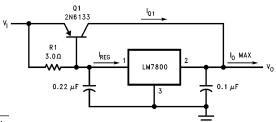
Fixed Output Regulator V1 1 LM7800 2 V0 0.22 μ F 0.1 μ F

Note 1: Bypass capacitors are recommended for optimum stability and transient response, and should be located as close as possible to the regulator.





High Current Voltage Regulator



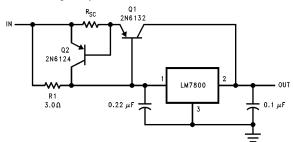
 $\beta(Q1) \ge \frac{I_{O Max}}{I_{REG Max}}$

$$R1 = \frac{0.9}{I_{REG}} = \frac{\beta(Q1) V_{BE(Q1)}}{I_{REG Max}(\beta + 1) - I_{O Max}}$$

TL/H/7781-16

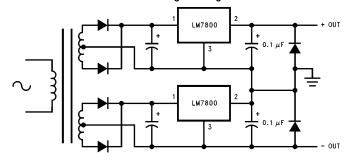
TL/H/7781-17

High Output Current, Short Circuit Protected



 $R_{SC} = \frac{1}{I_{SC}}$ $R1 = \frac{\beta V_{BE(Q1)}}{I_{REG Max} (\beta + 1) - I_{O Max}}$

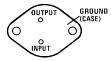
Positive and Negative Regulator



TL/H/7781-18

Connection Diagrams and Ordering Information

TO-3 Metal Can Package (K)



TL/H/7781-11

Bottom View

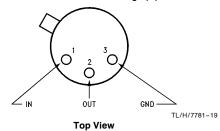
Steel Package Order Numbers:

LM140K-5.0 LM140K-12 LM140K-15 LM340AK-5.0 LM340K-12 LM340K-15 LM340K-5.0

See Package Number K02A

LM140AK-5.0/883 LM140AK-12/883 LM140AK-15/883 LM140K-5.0/883 LM140K-12/883 LM140K-15/883 See Package Number K02C

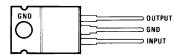
TO-39 Metal Can Package (H)



Metal Can Order Numbers†:

LM140H-5.0/883 LM140H-6.0/883 LM140H-8.0/883 LM140H-12/883 LM140H-15/883 LM140H-24/883 See Package Number H03A

TO-220 Power Package (T)



Top View

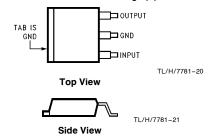
TL/H/7781-12

Plastic Package Order Numbers:

LM340AT-5.0 LM340T-5.0 LM340AT-12 LM340AT-15 LM7815CT LM780BCT LM781BCT LM7824CT LM7824CT

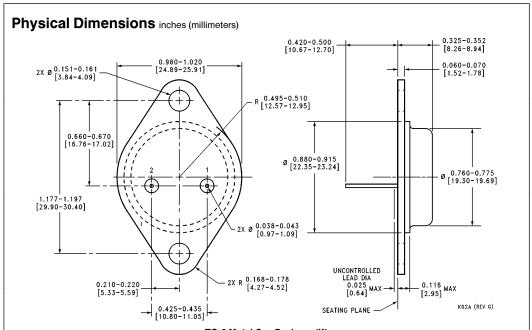
See Package Number T03B

TO-263 Surface-Mount Package (S)

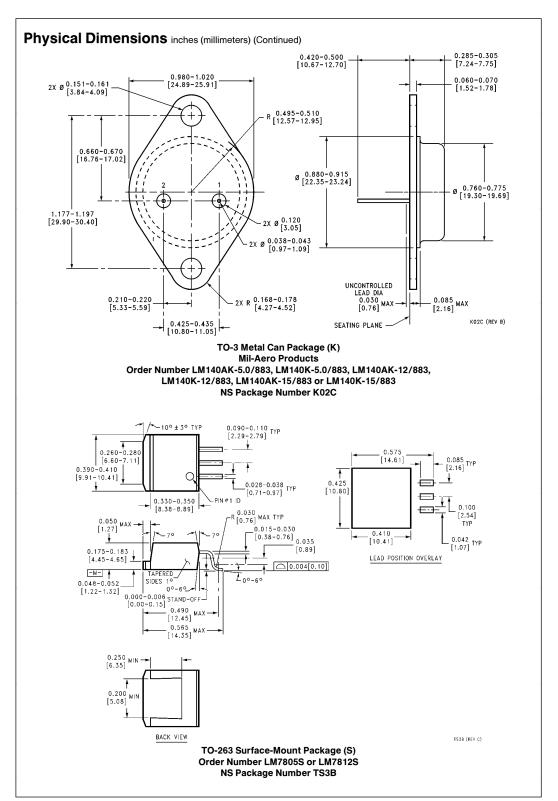


Surface-Mount Package Order Numbers: LM7805S LM7812S See Package Number TS3B

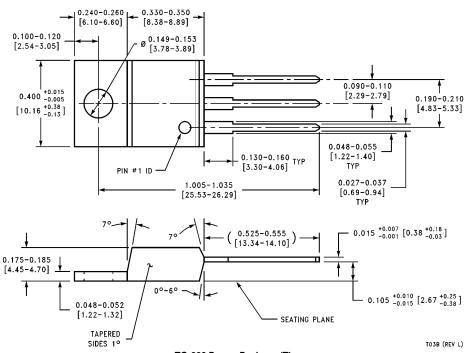
†The specifications for the LM140H/883 devices are not contained in this datasheet. If specifications for these devices are required, contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors.



TO-3 Metal Can Package (K)
Order Number LM340AK-5.0, LM140K-5.0, LM340K-5.0, LM140K-12, LM340K-12,
LM140K-15, LM340K-15, LM7806CK, LM7808CK, LM7818CK or LM7824CK
NS Package Number K02A



Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) (Continued)



TO-220 Power Package (T) Order Number LM340AT/LM340T-5.0, LM340AT/LM340T-12, LM340AT/LM340T-15, LM7805CT, LM7812CT, LM7815CT, LM7806CT, LM7808CT, LM7818CT or LM7824CT NS Package Number T03B

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